

Au-Fe-Sn (Gold-Iron-Tin)

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An isothermal section at 400 °C was determined for this system by Neumann et al. [1996Neu].

FeSn₂. The first two phases decompose eutectoidally at 765 and 607 °C, respectively. FeSn and FeSn₂ are stable at the temperature of interest here (400 °C).

Binary Systems

The Au-Fe binary diagram by [1993Oka1] depicts a peritectic reaction at 1173 °C between (γFe) and liquid containing 56.8 at.% Fe, which yields (Au) containing 74.1 at.% Fe. The Fe solubility in (Au) decreases with decreasing temperature reaching 9 at.% at 400 °C. The Au solubility in (αFe) is negligible at 400 °C. There are no intermediate phases in Au-Fe system. The update by [1993Oka2] of the Au-Sn system depicts a number of intermediate phases: Au₁₀Sn (β), ζ (9.1-17.6 at. %Sn), ζ' (Au₅Sn), δ (AuSn), ε (AuSn₂), and η (AuSn₄). For crystal structure data, see [Pearson3] or [1993Oka2]. Among these phases, β (D0₂₄), ζ (A3), and δ (B8₁) are stable at 400 °C. The Fe-Sn phase diagram [1993Oka3] depicts a miscibility gap in the liquid state and a γ loop at the Fe end. The intermediate phases are the hexagonal Ni₂In-type Fe₅Sn₃, rhombohedral Fe₃Sn₂, hexagonal CoSn-type FeSn, and tetragonal CuAl₂-type

Ternary Isothermal Section

With starting materials of 99.95% Au, 99.998% Fe and 99.98% Sn, [1996Neu] melted alloy compositions in evacuated silica tubes. The samples were annealed at 400 °C for 2-7 d and quenched in water. The phase equilibria were studied by metallography, x-ray powder diffraction and electron probe microanalysis. Differential thermal analysis measurements were also carried out between 20 and 1000 °C at a heating rate of 5 °C/min. The isothermal section at 400 °C determined by [1996Neu] is redrawn in Fig. 1 to agree with the accepted binary data. The solubility of Fe in β, ζ, and δ phases of the Au-Sn system is less than 2 at.%. The two liquid phases along the Au-Sn side dissolve not more than 2 at.% Fe. In FeSn and FeSn₂ phases, less than 1 at.% Au dissolves [1996Neu]. The solubility of Au in Fe₅Sn₃ in the temperature range of its stability (765-910 °C) is not appreciable

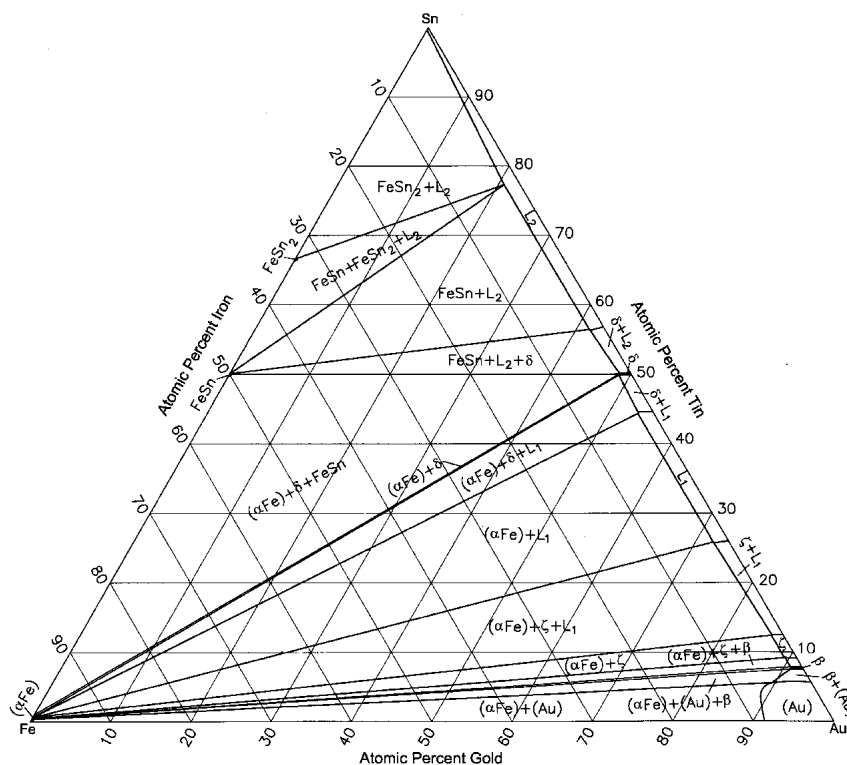


Fig. 1 Au-Fe-Sn isothermal section at 400 °C [1996Neu]

Section II: Phase Diagram Evaluations

[1996Neu]. No ternary phases were found in the system between 850 and 200 °C

References

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1993Oka2: H. Okamoto: "Au-Sn (Gold-Tin)," *J. Phase Equilibria*, 1993, 14(6), pp. 765-66.

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1996Neu: A. Neumann, A. Kjekshus, and E. Rost: "The Ternary System Au-Fe-Sn," *J. Alloys Compd.*, 1996, 238, pp. 54-56.